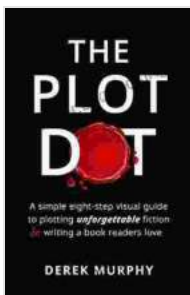


An Eight-Step Visual Guide to Plotting Unforgettable Fiction

Are you ready to take your fiction writing to the next level? If so, then you need to learn how to plot unforgettable stories. Plotting is the foundation of any great novel, and it's essential for creating stories that are both engaging and satisfying.



The Plot Dot: An eight-step visual guide to plotting unforgettable fiction and writing a book readers love.

(Self-Publishing Basics 1) by Derek Murphy

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But don't worry, plotting doesn't have to be difficult. In fact, it can actually be quite fun. With the right tools and techniques, you can learn how to plot stories that will captivate your readers from beginning to end.

In this eight-step visual guide, I'll show you everything you need to know about plotting unforgettable fiction. We'll cover everything from brainstorming ideas to creating a detailed outline. Along the way, I'll provide

plenty of examples and exercises to help you put what you learn into practice.

Step 1: Brainstorm Ideas

The first step to plotting a novel is to brainstorm ideas. This is a time to let your imagination run wild and come up with as many different ideas as possible. Don't worry about whether or not your ideas are good or bad, just write them down. The more ideas you have, the better.

Once you have a list of ideas, start to narrow them down by asking yourself the following questions:

- What is the main conflict of the story?
- Who are the main characters?
- What is the setting of the story?
- What is the tone of the story?

Once you have a good understanding of your story's basic elements, you can start to develop the plot.

Step 2: Create a Storyboard

A storyboard is a visual representation of your story. It's a great way to see how your story unfolds and to identify any plot holes or inconsistencies.

To create a storyboard, simply draw a series of boxes on a piece of paper. Each box will represent a different scene in your story. In each box, sketch out the key events of the scene and write a brief description of what happens.

Once you have a storyboard, you can start to see how your story flows. You can also use the storyboard to experiment with different plot points and to see how they affect the overall story.

Step 3: Develop Your Characters

Your characters are the heart of your story. They are the people that your readers will connect with and root for. That's why it's so important to develop your characters fully before you start writing.

To develop your characters, ask yourself the following questions:

- Who are they?
- What do they want?
- What are their strengths and weaknesses?
- What are their motivations?
- What are their relationships with other characters?

The more you know about your characters, the better equipped you'll be to write believable and engaging stories.

Step 4: Outline Your Story

Once you have developed your characters and have a good understanding of your story's basic elements, you can start to outline your story.

An outline is a written plan for your story. It should include the following elements:

- A brief summary of the story

- A list of the main plot points
- A description of the main characters
- A timeline of events

An outline will help you to stay organized and to ensure that your story flows smoothly.

Step 5: Write Your First Draft

With your outline in place, you can start writing your first draft. Don't worry about making it perfect at this stage, just get your ideas down on paper. You can always revise and edit later.

As you write, keep your characters and plot in mind. Make sure that your characters are driving the story and that the plot is unfolding in a logical and satisfying way.

Step 6: Revise and Edit

Once you have finished your first draft, it's time to revise and edit. This is a crucial step in the writing process, and it's important to take your time with it.

As you revise, ask yourself the following questions:

- Is the story engaging and satisfying?
- Are the characters well-developed and believable?
- Is the plot logical and consistent?
- Is the writing clear and concise?

Once you have answered these questions, you can start to make changes to your story. You may need to add or remove scenes, develop your characters further, or rewrite entire sections.

Step 7: Get Feedback

Once you are happy with your revised draft, it's a good idea to get feedback from other people. This could include your friends, family members, or writing group members.

Feedback can be invaluable in helping you to identify areas that need improvement. Be open to criticism and suggestions, and be willing to make changes to your story based on the feedback you receive.

Step 8: Publish Your Book

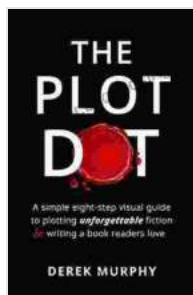
Once you have finished revising and editing your story, it's time to publish it. There are many different ways to publish your book, including self-publishing and traditional publishing.

If you decide to self-publish, you will need to format your book, create a cover, and upload your book to a self-publishing platform. If you decide to

go the traditional route,



No matter which route you choose, publishing your book is a major achievement. Congratulate yourself on all of your hard work, and enjoy the feeling of seeing your book in print.



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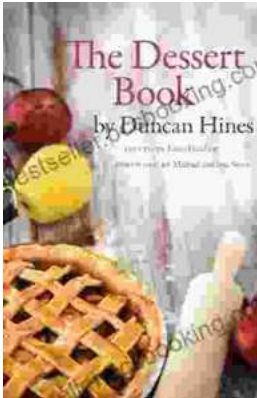
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